

Matthew 1: The Genealogy

The Genealogy

1. ABe/Isa/Jacob--in the land
2. Judah/Per/hezron--In Egypt
3. Aram/Amminadab/Nahshon--In the wilderness
4. Salmon/Boaz/obed--1st course of punishment
5. Jesse/David/Sol--Interlude of Grace via the DAvidic Cov.
6. Rehoboam/Abijah/Asa--2nd course of punishment
7. Jehoshaphat/Joram/Uzziah--3rd course of punishment.
8. Jotham/Ahaz/Hezekiah--4th course of punishment
9. Manasseh/Amon/Josiah--5th course of punishment
 - a. Jeconiah and Judah, shietal--Bab. Captivity--1st installment
 - b. Zerubbabel/ and judah returns--Medo/Persian rule--2nd installment.
 - c. Abiud through Joseph--no history recorded--the Silence of God--installment 3
 - d. Jesus the Christ arrives and is cut off, killed--4th installment
 - e. Now, only thing left in the time schedule is the final 7 year tribulation period.

Perez--[Gen. 38:29](#); his family was numerous ([Ruth 4:12](#)); his descendants were notable in the time of David ([1 Chron. 27:2-3](#)) and the return from captivity in babylon ([1 Chron. 9:4](#); [Neh. 11:4-6](#))

Esrom=Hezron--[Gen. 46:9](#); [Ex. 6:14](#); [1 Chron. 4:1](#) and 5:3)--his descendants were the hezronites ([Num. 26:6](#))

Aram=Ram--born in Egypt because his name does not appear in [Gen. 46:12](#). ([Ruth 4:19](#); [1 Chron. 2:25-27](#))

Amminadab who is father of Nahshon, who was head of the tribe of Judah at the first numbering of Israel in the second year of the Exodus ([Num. 1:7](#); [2:3](#)); 4th in descent from Judah and 6th in ascent from DAvid ([Ruth 4:19-20](#); [1 Chron. 2:10](#)); his daughter was probably married to Aaron ([Ex. 6:23](#)).

Nahshon--brother of wife of Aaron?; his son married Rahab after the taking of Jericho. He was assigned as captain of Judah's host in offering of the princes ([Num. 7:12,17](#)); in the order of the march ([Num. 7:10-14](#)); He died in the wilderness ([Num. 26:64-65](#)).

Salmon--probably entered the land

Boaz--wealthy Bethlehemite, kinsman of Elimelech the husband of Naomi.

Rehoboam (reigned 17 yrs)--kingdom begins to divide. ([2 Chron 12:13](#); [1 Kings 14:21](#))

Abijah (reigned 3 yrs)--warred with the northern kingdom

Asa--(reigned 39 yrs)--began well, ended poorly. Made an alliance with Damascus to invade northern Israel. For this mistake he had war the rest of his days. (1 kings 15:13; [2 Chron 14-15](#)).

Jehoshphat (reigned 25 years)--(1 kgs. 22:42; [2 Chron. 20:31](#); [1 Kings 15:24](#); [2 Kings 8:16](#); [2 Chron. 17:1-23:3](#)); [2 Kings 3:4-27](#); An overall good king. "Jehovah judged.

Joram/Jehoram (reigned 8 yrs)--Jehovah is high. 2 kings 8:16; 2 Chron. 21-22. A wicked king. Plundered by many enemies, died of a strange disease. Signs of the course of punishment

Uzziah (reigned about 25 yrs)--Jehovah is Strength--2 kings 14:21-22; [2 Chron. 26](#); He was associated with Zechariah. A great earthquake occurred in his reign--[Zech. 14:5](#) and [Amos 1:1](#). Zechariah takes this earthquake and intensifies it in the Tribulation Period. He had victorious battles against his enemies. Rebelled near the end of his reign and was struck with leprosy and died with it. The great advance of the Assyrians began at this time.

Jothan (Jehovah is upright)--2 kings 15:5, 32-33; [2 Chron. 27](#));

Ahaz (possessor)--prophet Isaiah;735-715 BC-- made an alliance with the Assyrians to defeat the syrians at great cost. Reigned maybe 15 yrs. Wicked king. During this time the Northern Kingdom was taken into Assyrian Captivity (722-720 bC).

Hezekiah--Jehovah is strength--reigned 42 yrs?--he was a reformer and warrior. He revolted against Assyria. Prophet Isaiah warned him about a alliance with old babylon against the assyrians. The assyrians besieged Jerusalem (a sign of the 4th course of punishment) [2 Kings 18](#)

Manasseh--reigned 54 years--696-642--[2 Kings 21-24](#); [Zeph. 2:4-9](#); [Jer 47-49](#); The Assyrians came took him prisoner and conveyed him to Babylon ([2 Chron. 33:11](#)); a wicked idolatrous king. He was in captivity for about 1 year then he returned to Jerusalem and became a reformer for God. But the people did not follow--they deserved the next course of punishment.

Amon--642 bc--faithful--followed his fathers idolatries without repentance. reignd about 2 years. 2 kings 21

Josiah--maybe Jihovan heads--about 640 bc--[2 Kings 21-22](#); overthrew idolatry, repaired the temple, found the Law; But all this was too late --the Lord's did not return from the fierceness of His great wrath ([2 Kings 23:29-26](#)); Affiliated with Jeremiah and Zephaniah.

Jeconiah/Jehoiachin--Jehovah will establish--reigned for 3 months and 10 days--597 BC--He did evil in the sight of the Lord --[2 Kings 24-28](#); [Jer. 22:18-30](#); Babylon laid seige to Jerusalem. He surrendered to Nebuchadnezzar of babylon and was carried away to Babylon. He remained in prison in babylon for 36 years; until Neb. died and was replaced by evil-murdoch who set him free. Jer, Ezek and Daniel wrote during this time. 5th course of punishment; 1st installment.

Shealtiel--asked God--

Zerubbabel--a babylonian name--head of tribe of Judah at the return from Babylon. Under the Cyrus in the Medo-Persian reign. 5th course of punishment 2nd installment.

THE WOMEN IN THE GENEALOGY WITH REGARD TO THE ABRAHAMIC COVENANT

Tamar (probably—Gen. 28) and **Rahab** were Canaanites (ie., Gentiles)

Ruth was Moabite (ie., Gentile)

The wife of Urriah (the Hittite), Bathsheba (probably) Hittite (ie., Gentile).

Significance of “and his brethren” phrase.

Judah and his brethren (all Israel at that time) went into Egypt.

Jechoiah and his brethren (all Israel at that time) went into Assyria/Babylon.